Infection Control Principles for Shelter Workers



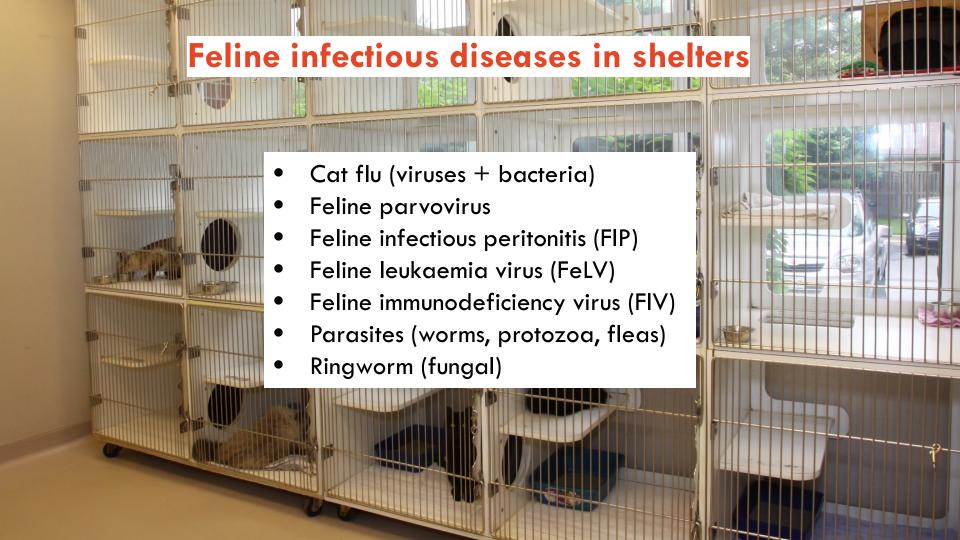






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How feline infections are spread



- Direct contact
 - biting
 - scratching
 - grooming
 - mating







How infections are spread

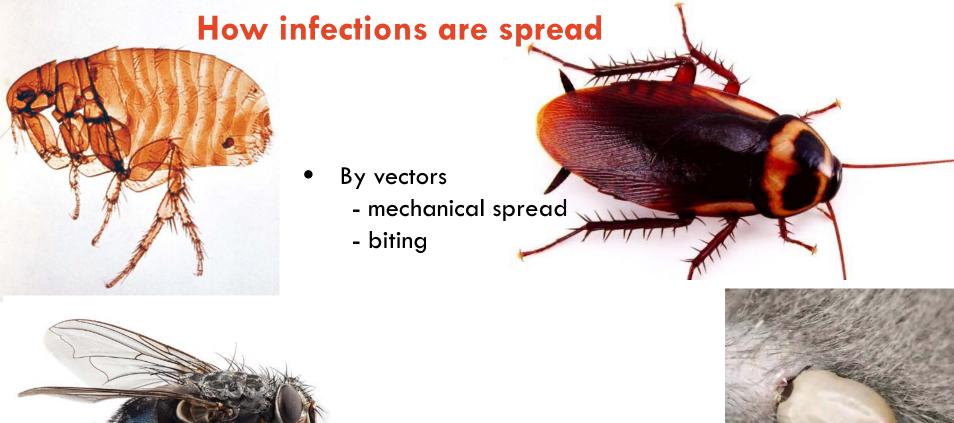
- Indirect contact
 - with secretions from an infected cat faeces, urine, snot, eye goop, vomit
 - with fomites









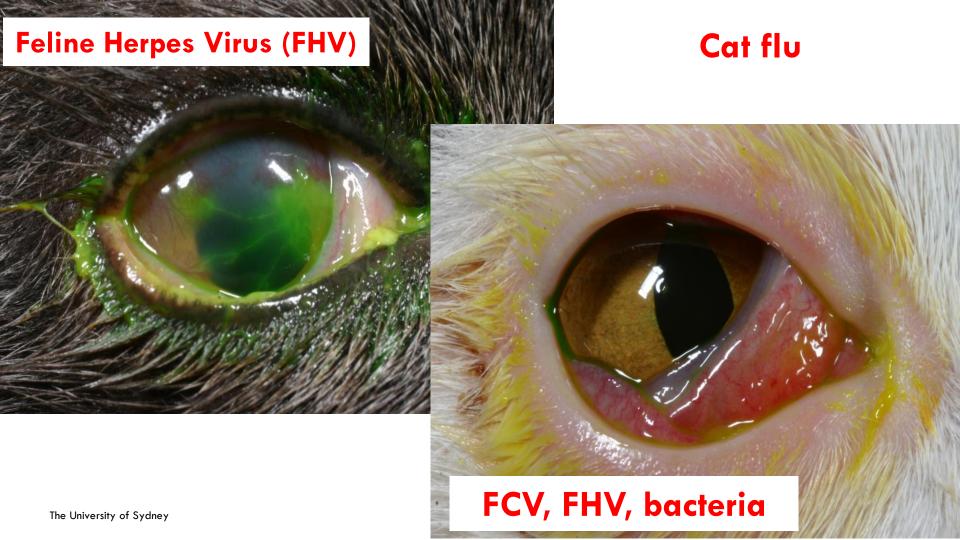








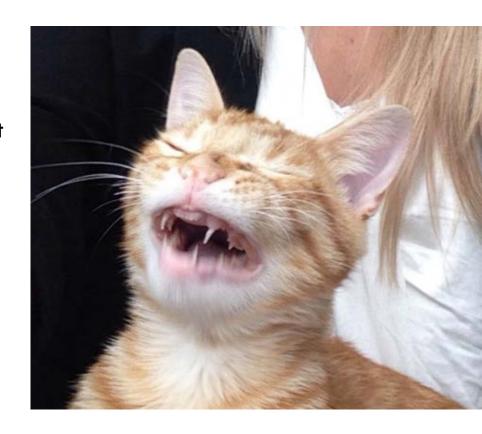




Transmission of flu viruses

- Highly contagious
- FCV survives for a month in environment
- Spread in snot and eye secretions
- Spread by you!!!! (fomites)
- Sneezed droplets travel at least 1 metre





Feline parvovirus (FPV)

lethargy loss of appetite vomiting diarrhoea dehydration

death



- Highly contagious
- Survives > 1 year in environment
- Spread in all body fluids
- Spread by you!!!! (fomites)



Hand washing or hand sanitizing?



- Always wash if there visible soiling
- Washing removes organic matter that traps viruses



OxyBAC Antibacterial 2 in 1 Function

Liquid soap for hand-washing









- Accelerated hydrogen peroxide
- Removes dirt, organic matter
- Antibacterial, antiviral



Use in isolation and quarantine wards

When can I use hand-sanitizer?





• Only if there is no visible soiling

Wash thoroughly Dry thoroughly



• Remove your **jewellery** first!



At least 15s

Which hand-sanitizer?



- Use alcohol-based (70-90% v/v)
- Use products containing emollients to prevent cracked skin

Do alcohol hand-sanitizers kill cat viruses & ringworm?



• Cat flu (FCV), parvoviruses and ringworm are resistant

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When to hand wash/sanitize

- Before and after work
- Before wearing disposable gloves
- Before and after processing new animals
- After handling sick animals
- Before eating, drinking, smoking
- Before and after using phones, computers
- After handling waste
- After going to the toilet
- At anytime your hands are visibly soiled or feel sticky/grimy
- After cleaning tasks
- After handling dirty laundry cat bedding/scrub wear

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Personal Protective Equipment

Disposable PPE

Washable PPE



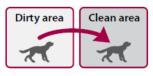
Wear **clean** scrubs every day
Change after doing dirty tasks
Change after handling sick animals

When should I change my gloves?



- Between every cage
- Sanitise hands after you remove gloves

Change gloves and perform hand hygiene



when moving from dirty to clean areas on the same animal



 when moving from dirty to clean procedures on the same animal



 after contact with blood or body substances



· between individual animals



 before touching equipment such as computer keyboards during patient care



• if gloves become torn or damaged.

Disinfectants



QAC/



Biguanide Combinations

F10 disinfectant FPV: 1:100 (contact time 15 mins) Not effective against FCV Effective against ringworm

Animal excretions

- Inactivate disinfectants
- Clean with detergent first



Trigene II FPV: 1:50 (contact time 15 mins) Not effective against FCV Effective against ringworm

Disinfectants

Effective against:

- FCV
- FHV
- FPV
- Ringworm



Sodium hypochlorite 1:30 dilution of a 5-6% solution (contact time 15 min)



Potassium peroxymonosulfate (contact time 10 mins)

Effective against:

- FCV
- FHV
- FPV
- 2% solution, 10 min contact time effective against ringworm.

Disinfectants



AHP Accelerated hydrogen peroxide

Effective against:

- FCV
- FHV
- FPV
- Ringworm

What is Accelerated Hydrogen Peroxide®?



AHP® is a globally-patented, synergistic blend of commonly used ingredients that when combined with low levels of hydrogen peroxide produce exceptional potency as a germicide and performance as a cleaner.

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